
LPL Financial Holdings Inc. Q3 2025 Key Metrics

October 30, 2025

Notice to Investors: Safe Harbor Statement

Statements in this presentation regarding LPL Financial Holdings Inc.'s (together with its subsidiaries, the "Company") future financial and operating results, growth, plans, priorities, business strategies, capabilities and outlook, including forecasts and statements relating to the Company's future advisory and brokerage asset levels and mix, organic asset growth, deposit betas, core G&A* expenses (including outlook for 2025), promotional, share-based compensation and depreciation and amortization expenses, Gross Profit* benefits, EBITDA* benefits, target leverage ratio, client cash balances and yields, service and fee revenue, transaction revenue, investments, acquisitions, capital returns, planned share repurchases, if any, and the amount and timing of the onboarding of acquired, recruited or transitioned brokerage and advisory assets, as well as any other statements that are not related to present facts or current conditions or that are not purely historical, constitute forward-looking statements. They reflect the Company's expectations as of October 30, 2025 and are not guarantees that the expectations or objectives expressed or implied will be achieved. The achievement of such expectations and objectives involves risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results, levels of activity or the timing of events to differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include: difficulties and delays in onboarding the assets of acquired or recruited advisors, including the receipt and timing of regulatory approvals that may be required; disruptions in the businesses of the Company that could make it more difficult to maintain relationships with advisors and their clients; the choice by clients of acquired or recruited advisors not to open brokerage and/or advisory accounts at the Company; changes in general economic and financial market conditions, including retail investor sentiment; changes in interest rates and fees payable by banks participating in the Company's client cash programs, including the Company's success in negotiating agreements with current or additional counterparties; the Company's strategy and success in managing client cash program fees; changes in the growth and profitability of the Company's fee-based offerings and asset-based revenues; fluctuations in the levels of advisory and brokerage assets, including net new assets, and the related impact on revenue; effects of competition in the financial services industry and the success of the Company in attracting and retaining financial advisors and institutions, and their ability to provide financial products and services effectively; whether the retail investors served by newly-recruited advisors choose to move their respective assets to new accounts at the Company; the effect of current, pending and future legislation, regulation and regulatory actions, including disciplinary actions imposed by federal and state regulators and self-regulatory organizations; the cost of defending, settling and remediating issues related to regulatory matters or legal proceedings, including civil monetary penalties or actual costs of reimbursing customers for losses in excess of our reserves or insurance; changes made to the Company's services and pricing, including in response to competitive developments and current, pending and future legislation, regulation and regulatory actions, and the effect that such changes may have on the Company's Gross Profit* streams and costs; execution of the Company's capital management plans, including its compliance with the terms of the Company's amended and restated credit agreement, the committed revolving credit facilities of the Company, and the indentures governing the Company's senior unsecured notes; strategic acquisitions and investments, including pursuant to the Company's liquidity and succession solution, and the effect that such acquisitions and investments may have on the Company's capital management plans and liquidity; the price, availability and trading volumes of shares of the Company's common stock, which will affect the timing and size of future share repurchases by the Company, if any; whether advisors affiliated with Commonwealth Financial Network ("Commonwealth") will transition registration to the Company and whether assets reported as serviced by such financial advisors will translate into assets of the Company; the execution of the Company's plans and its success in realizing the synergies, expense savings, service improvements or efficiencies expected to result from its investments, initiatives and acquisitions, expense plans and technology initiatives; the performance of third-party service providers to which business processes have been transitioned; the Company's ability to control operating risks, information technology systems risks, cybersecurity risks and sourcing risks; and the other factors set forth in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, as may be amended or updated in the Company's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q or other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Except as required by law, the Company specifically disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of developments occurring after October 30, 2025 and you should not rely on statements contained herein as representing the Company's view as of any date subsequent to October 30, 2025.

THIS PRESENTATION INCLUDES DATA AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2025, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED

Notice to Investors: Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Management believes that presenting certain non-GAAP financial measures by excluding or including certain items can be helpful to investors and analysts who may wish to use this information to analyze the Company's current performance, prospects and valuation. Management uses this non-GAAP information internally to evaluate operating performance and in formulating the budget for future periods. Management believes that the non-GAAP financial measures and metrics discussed herein are appropriate for evaluating the performance of the Company. Specific Non-GAAP financial measures have been marked with an asterisk (*) within this presentation. Reconciliations and calculations of such measures can be found in the appendix of this presentation.

Adjusted EPS is defined as adjusted net income, a non-GAAP measure defined as net (loss) income plus the after-tax impact of amortization of other intangibles, acquisition costs, certain regulatory charges, losses on extinguishment of debt, and amounts related to the departure of the Company's former Chief Executive Officer, divided by the weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding for the applicable period. The Company presents adjusted net income and adjusted EPS because management believes that these metrics can provide investors with useful insight into the Company's core operating performance by excluding non-cash items, acquisition costs and certain other charges that management does not believe impact the Company's ongoing operations. Adjusted net income and adjusted EPS are not measures of the Company's financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as alternatives to net (loss) income, (loss) earnings per diluted share or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of net (loss) income and (loss) earnings per diluted share to adjusted net income and adjusted EPS, please see the appendix of this presentation.

Gross profit is calculated as total revenue less advisory and commission expense; brokerage, clearing and exchange expense ("BC&E"); and market fluctuations on employee deferred compensation. All other expense categories, including depreciation and amortization of property and equipment and amortization of other intangibles, are considered general and administrative in nature. Because the Company's gross profit amounts do not include any depreciation and amortization expense, the Company considers gross profit to be a non-GAAP financial measure that may not be comparable to similar measures used by others in its industry. Management believes that gross profit can provide investors with useful insight into the Company's core operating performance before indirect costs that are general and administrative in nature. For a calculation of gross profit, please see the appendix of this presentation.

Core G&A consists of total expense less the following expenses: advisory and commission; depreciation and amortization; interest expense on borrowings; BC&E; amortization of other intangibles; market fluctuations on employee deferred compensation; losses on extinguishment of debt; promotional (ongoing); employee share-based compensation; regulatory charges; and acquisition costs. Management presents core G&A because it believes core G&A reflects the corporate expense categories over which management can generally exercise a measure of control, compared with expense items over which management either cannot exercise control, such as advisory and commission, or which management views as promotional expense necessary to support advisor growth and retention, including conferences and transition assistance. Core G&A is not a measure of the Company's total expense as calculated in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of the Company's total expense to core G&A, please see the appendix of this presentation. The Company does not provide an outlook for its total expense because it contains expense components, such as advisory and commission, that are market-driven and over which the Company cannot exercise control. Accordingly, a reconciliation of the Company's outlook for total expense to an outlook for core G&A cannot be made available without unreasonable effort.

EBITDA is defined as net (loss) income plus interest expense on borrowings, (benefit from) provision for income taxes, depreciation and amortization and amortization of other intangibles. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA, a non-GAAP measure, plus acquisition costs, certain regulatory charges, amounts related to the departure of the Company's former Chief Executive Officer, and losses on extinguishment of debt. The Company presents EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA because management believes that they can be useful financial metrics in understanding the Company's earnings from operations. EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are not measures of the Company's financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as alternatives to net (loss) income or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of net (loss) income to EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA, please see the appendix of this presentation.

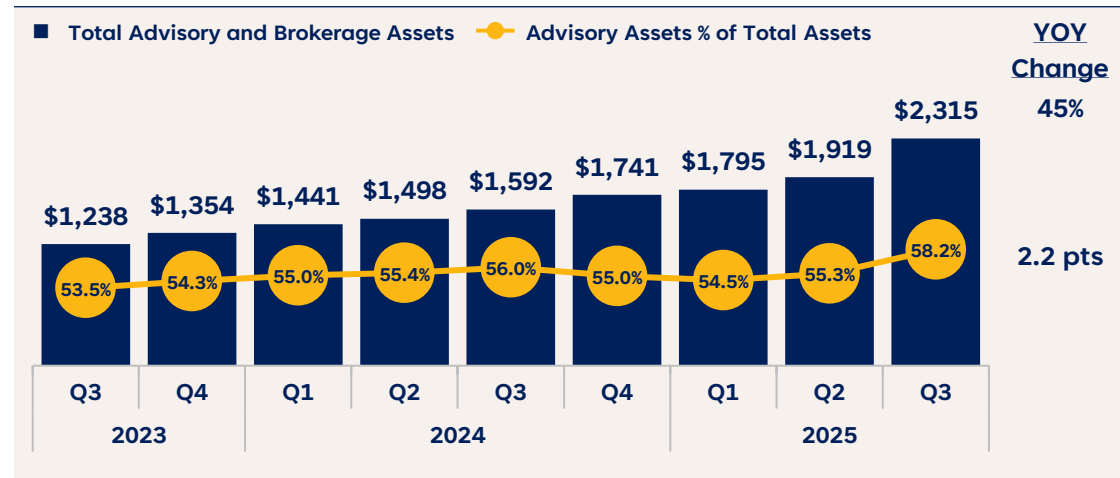
Adjusted pre-tax income is defined as (loss) income before (benefit from) provision for income taxes plus amortization of other intangibles, acquisition costs, certain regulatory charges, amounts related to the departure of the Company's former Chief Executive Officer, and losses on extinguishment of debt. The Company presents adjusted pre-tax income because management believes that it can provide investors with useful insight into the Company's core operating performance by excluding non-cash items, acquisition costs, and certain other charges that management does not believe impact the Company's ongoing operations. Adjusted pre-tax income is not a measure of the Company's financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to (loss) income before (benefit from) provision for income taxes or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of (loss) income before (benefit from) provision for income taxes to adjusted pre-tax income, please see the appendix of this presentation.

Credit Agreement EBITDA is defined in, and calculated by management in accordance with, the Company's amended and restated credit agreement ("Credit Agreement") as "Consolidated EBITDA," which is consolidated net income (as defined in the Credit Agreement) plus interest expense on borrowings, (benefit from) provision for income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and amortization of other intangibles, and is further adjusted to exclude certain non-cash charges and other adjustments, and to include future expected cost savings, operating expense reductions or other synergies from certain transactions. The Company presents Credit Agreement EBITDA because management believes that it can be a useful financial metric in understanding the Company's debt capacity and covenant compliance under its Credit Agreement. Credit Agreement EBITDA is not a measure of the Company's financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net (loss) income or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of net (loss) income to Credit Agreement EBITDA, please see the appendix of this presentation.

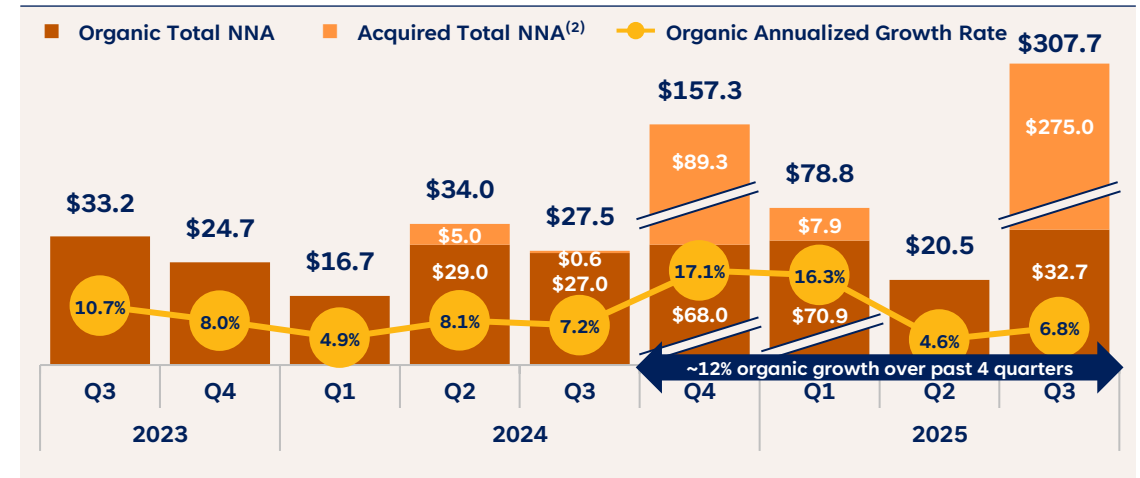
THIS PRESENTATION INCLUDES DATA AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2025, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED

Operating Metrics

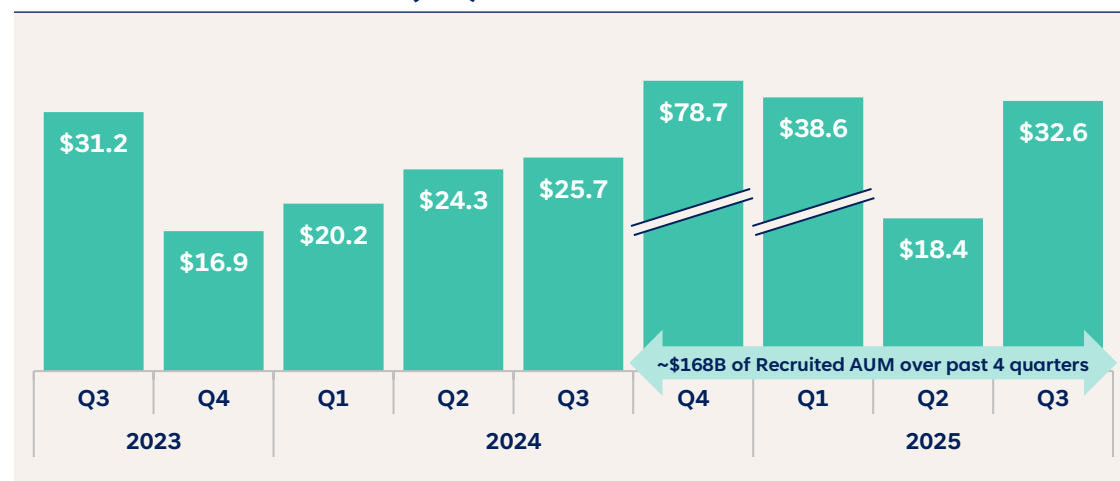
Total Advisory and Brokerage Assets (\$B)



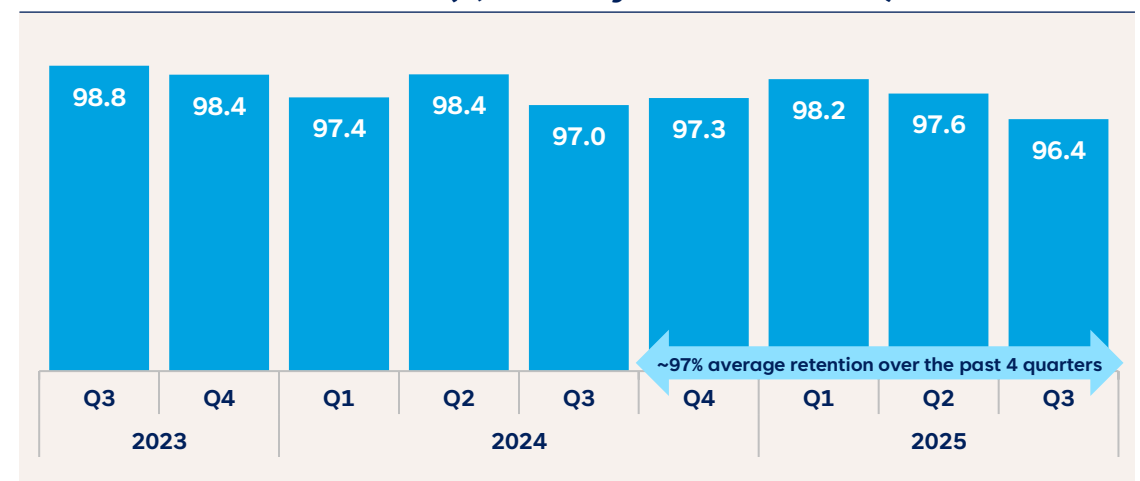
Total Net New Assets (“NNA”)⁽¹⁾ (\$B)



Recruited Assets⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ (\$B)

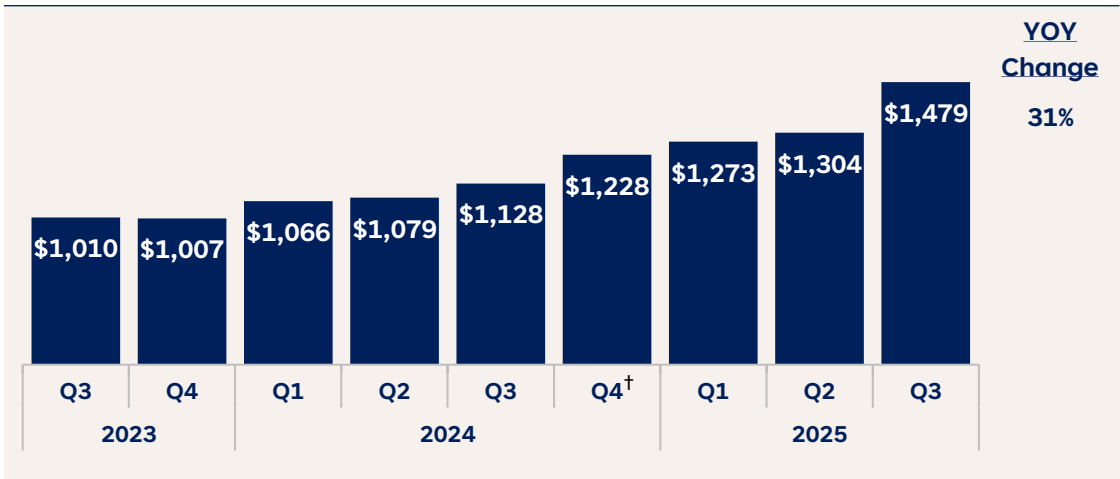


AUM Retention Rate⁽⁵⁾ (Quarterly % Annualized)



Financial Results

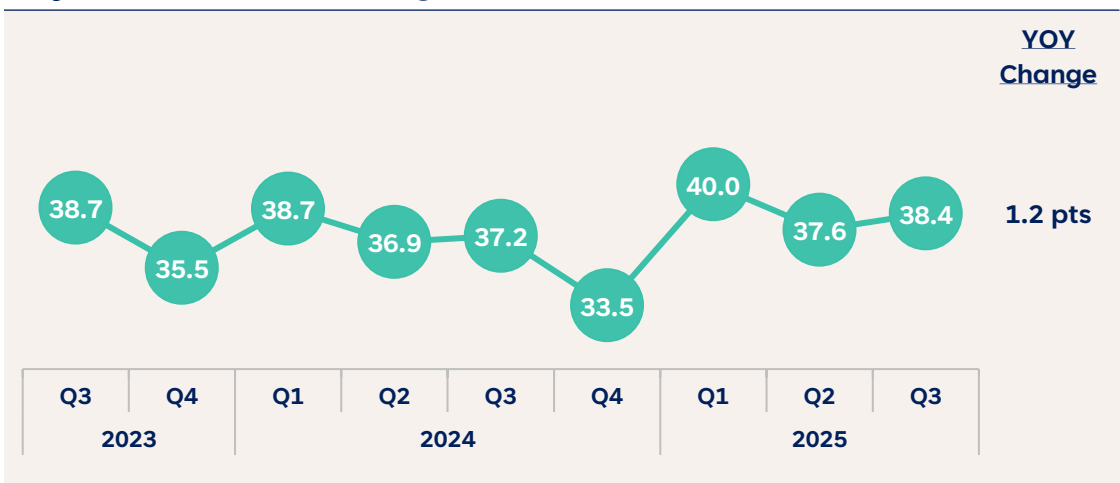
Gross Profit* (\$M)



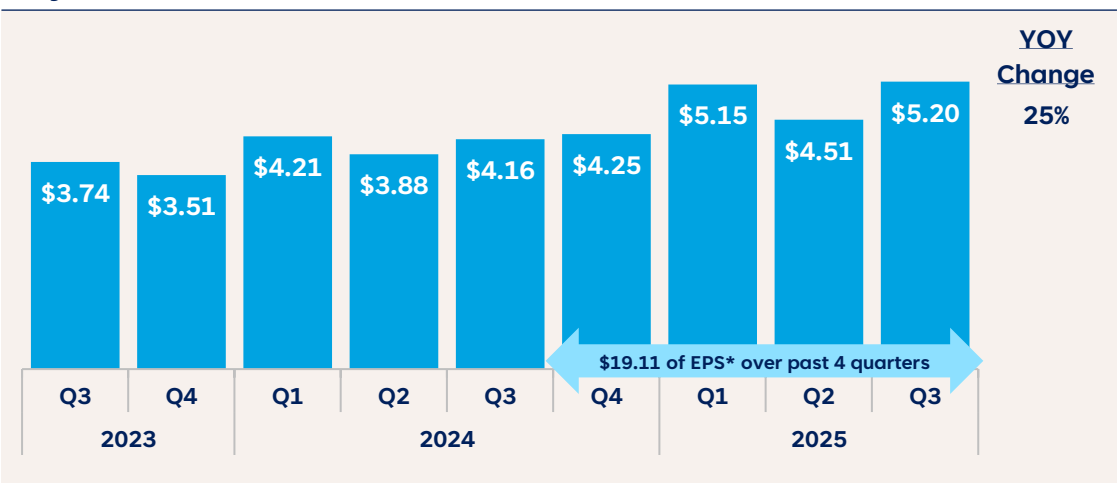
Adjusted Pre-Tax Income* (\$M)



Adjusted Pre-Tax Margin[‡]



Adjusted EPS*

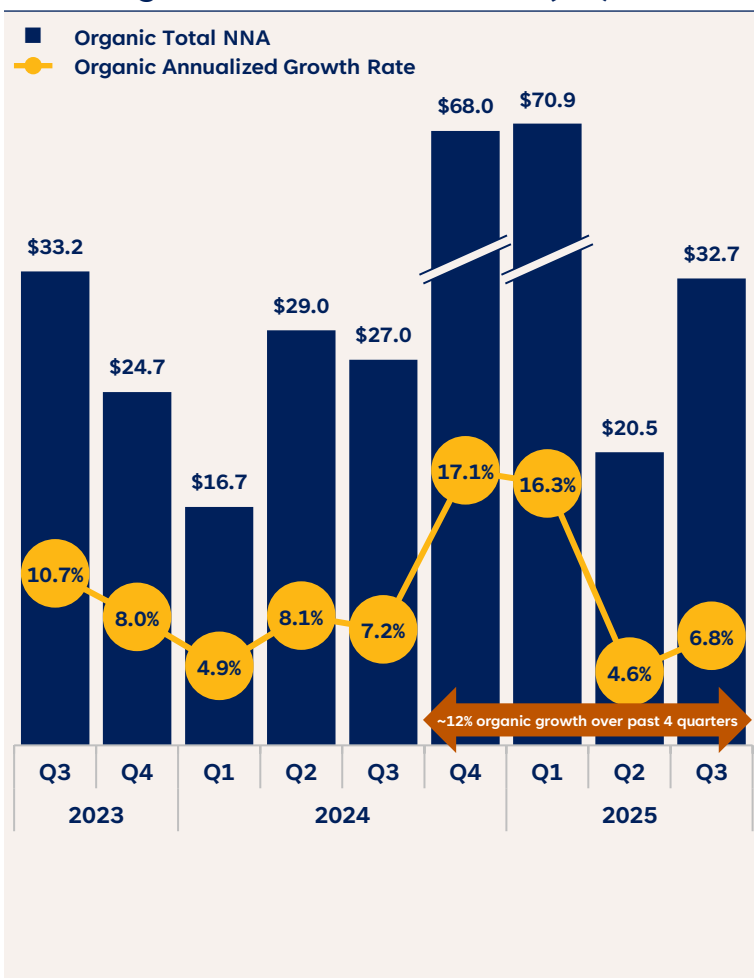


[†] The departure of the Company's former Chief Executive Officer resulted in other income of \$26.4 million during the three months ended December 31, 2024 related to the clawback of share-based compensation awards.

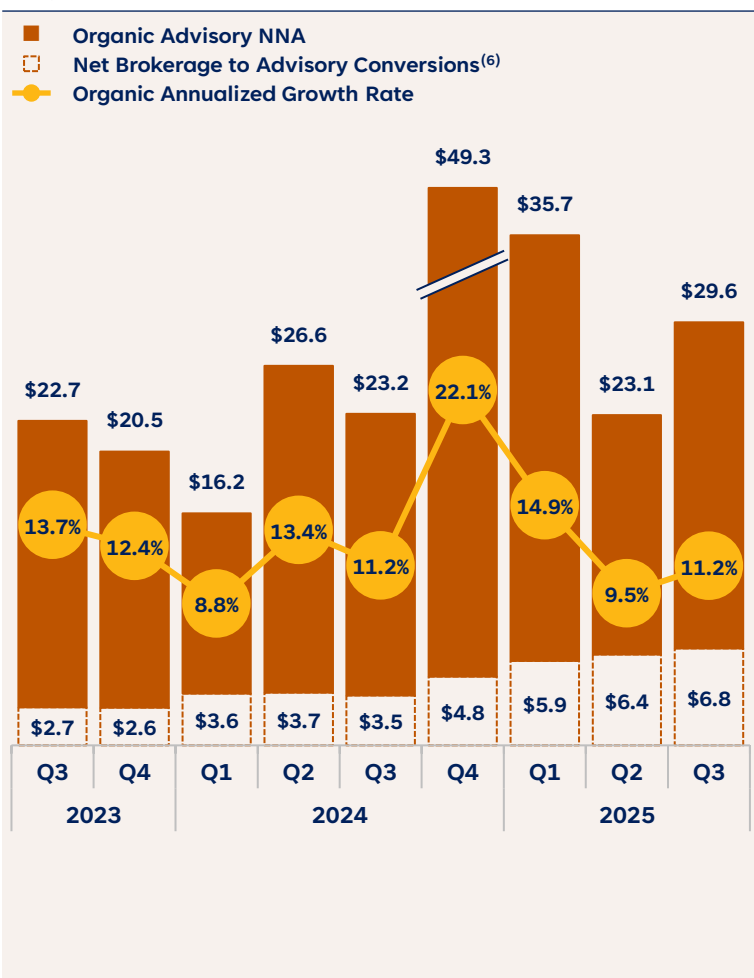
[‡] Adjusted Pre-Tax Income* as a % of Gross Profit*

Organic Net New Asset growth rate was ~7% in Q3 and ~12% over the past 4 quarters

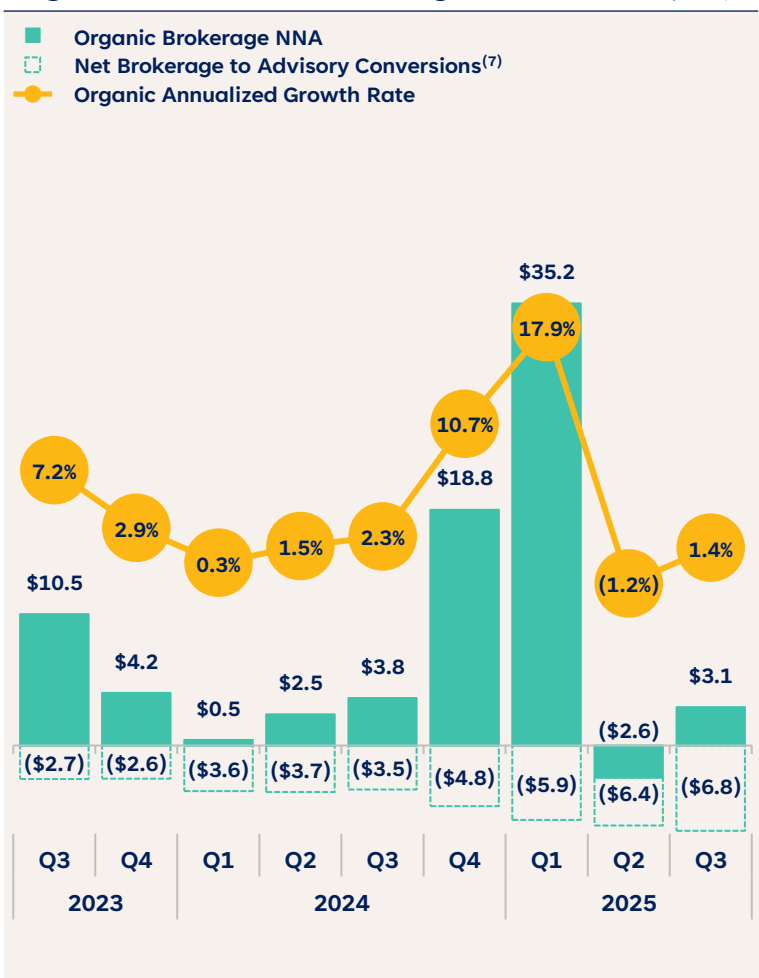
Total Organic Net New Assets⁽¹⁾ (\$B)



Organic Net New Advisory Assets⁽¹⁾⁽⁶⁾ (\$B)

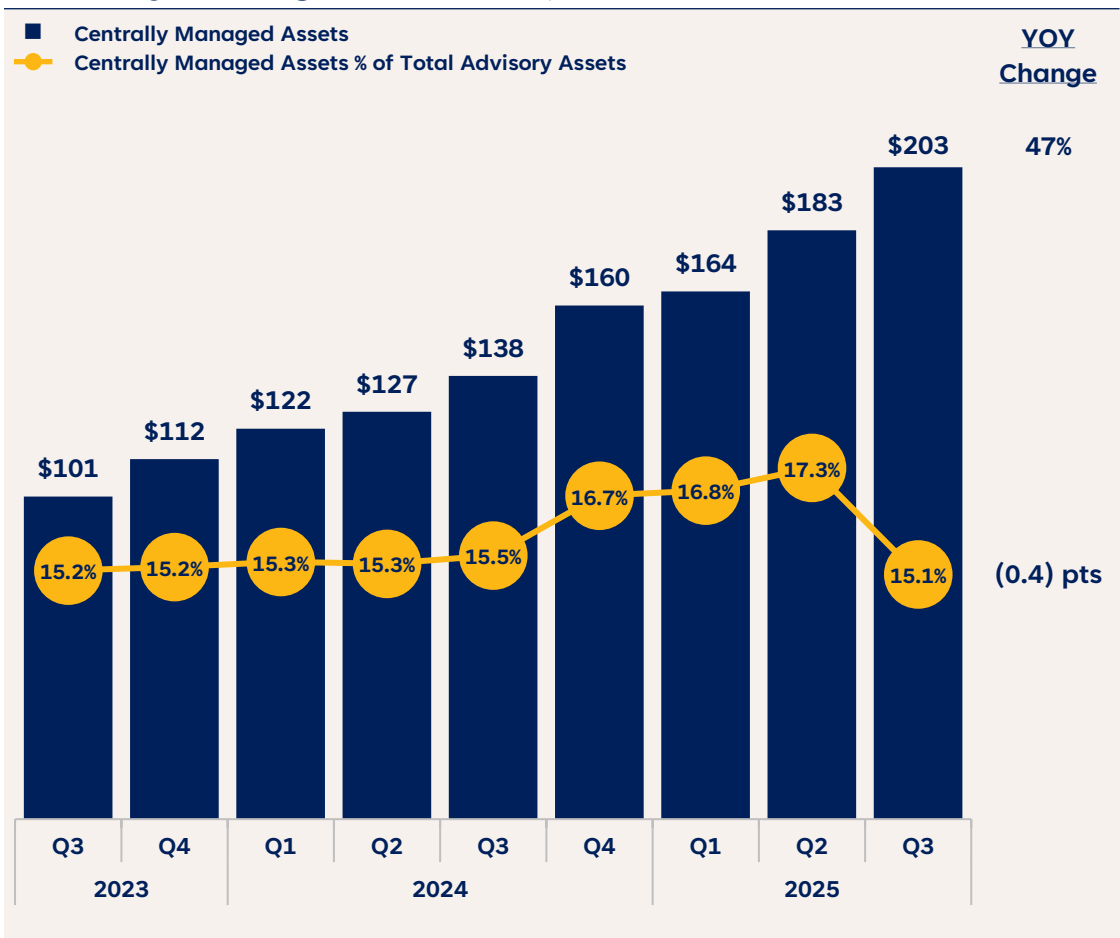


Organic Net New Brokerage Assets⁽¹⁾⁽⁶⁾ (\$B)

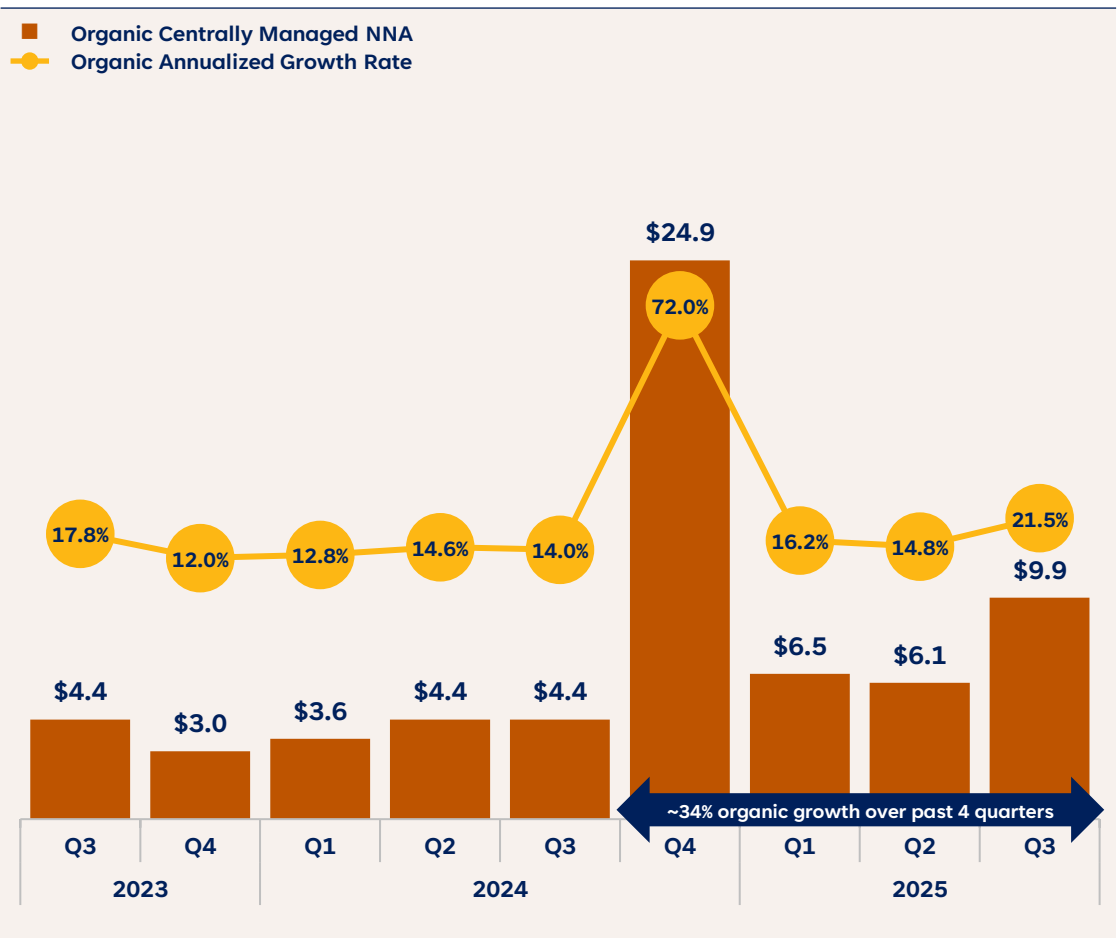


Centrally Managed Assets grew at a 34% organic growth rate over the past 4 quarters

Centrally Managed Assets⁽⁸⁾ (\$B)

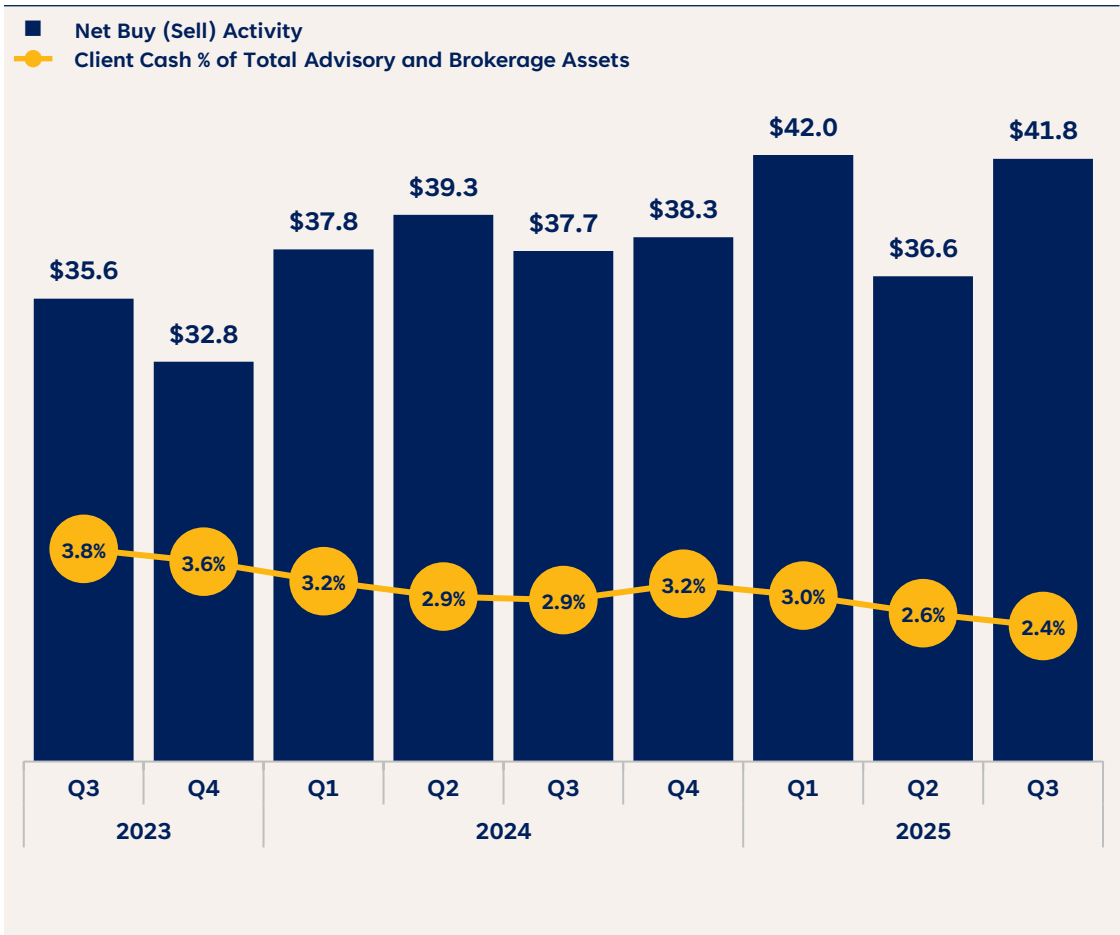


Organic Net New Centrally Managed Assets⁽⁹⁾ (\$B)



Net Buy (Sell) Activity was \$42B in Q3; the Payout Rate was 87.5%

Net Buy (Sell) Activity⁽¹⁰⁾ (\$B)

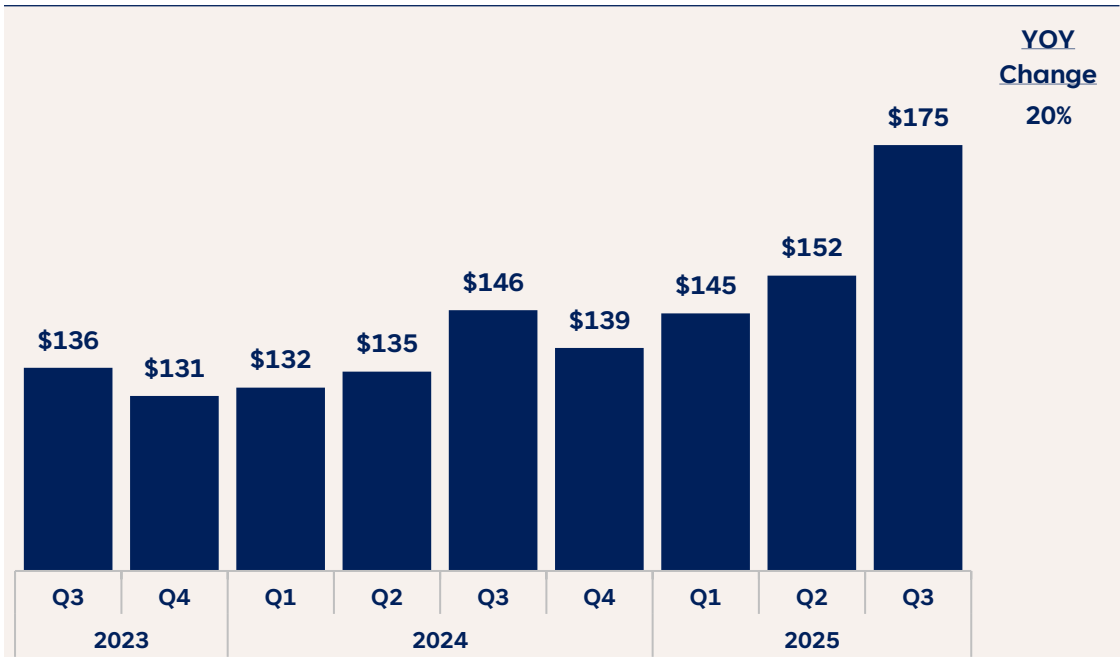


Payout Rate (%)



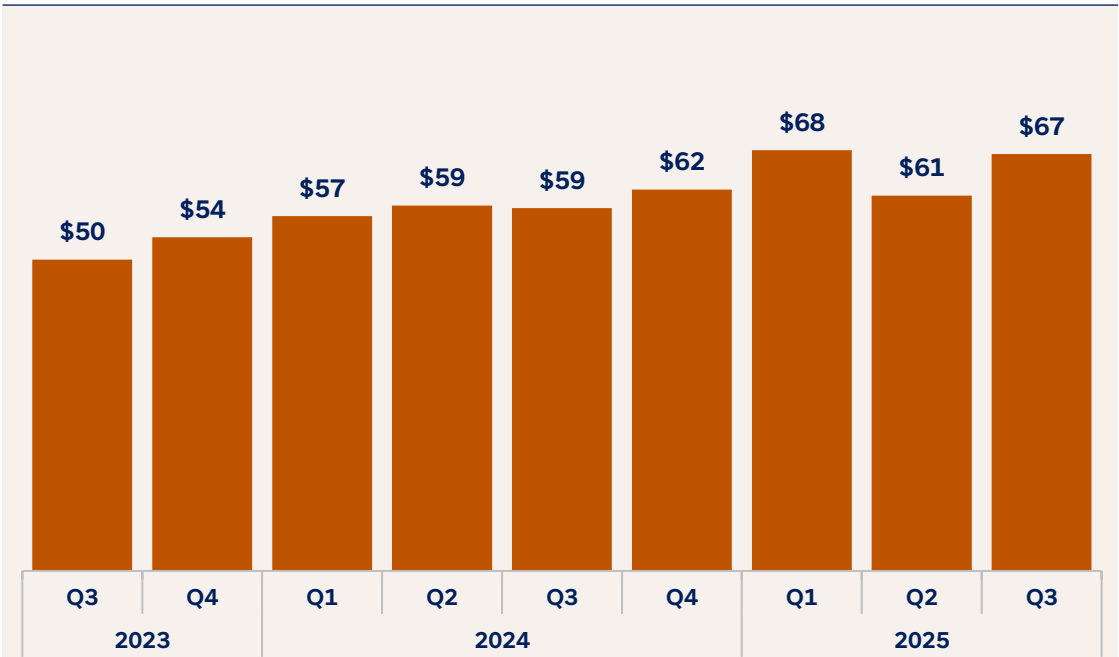
Service and Fee Revenue grew 20% year-over-year, as our advisor and account base continued to grow

Service and Fee Revenue (\$M)



- Revenue from advisor and end-client investor services, including: technology, insurance, conferences, licensing, Services Group solutions, and IRA-based fees
- Service and Fee revenue is a function of advisor and account growth and greater adoption of Services Group solutions

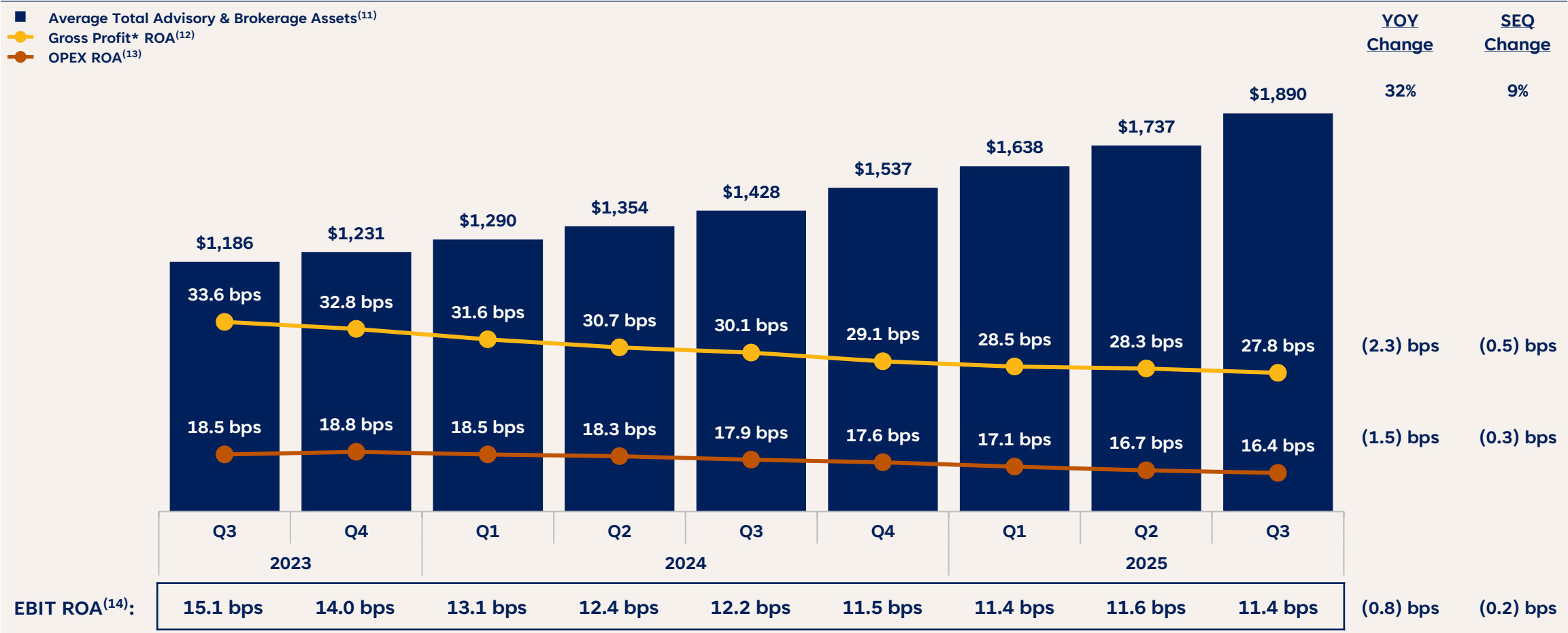
Transaction Revenue (\$M)



- Transaction charges generated in both advisory and brokerage accounts from products including mutual funds, ETFs, and fixed income
- Transaction revenue is a function of trading activity, but is becoming less sensitive to equity market volatility over time as business moves towards No Transaction Fee platforms

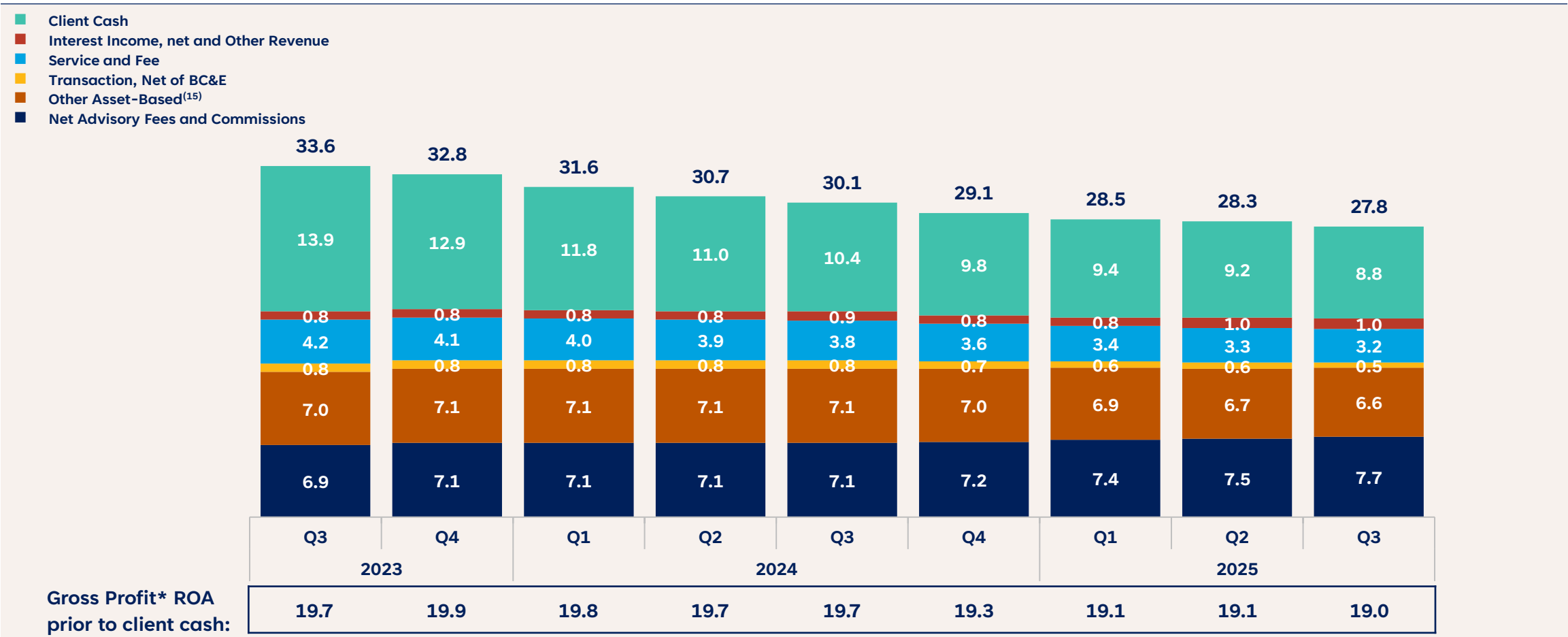
EBIT ROA decreased in Q3

Average Total Advisory & Brokerage Assets (\$B)



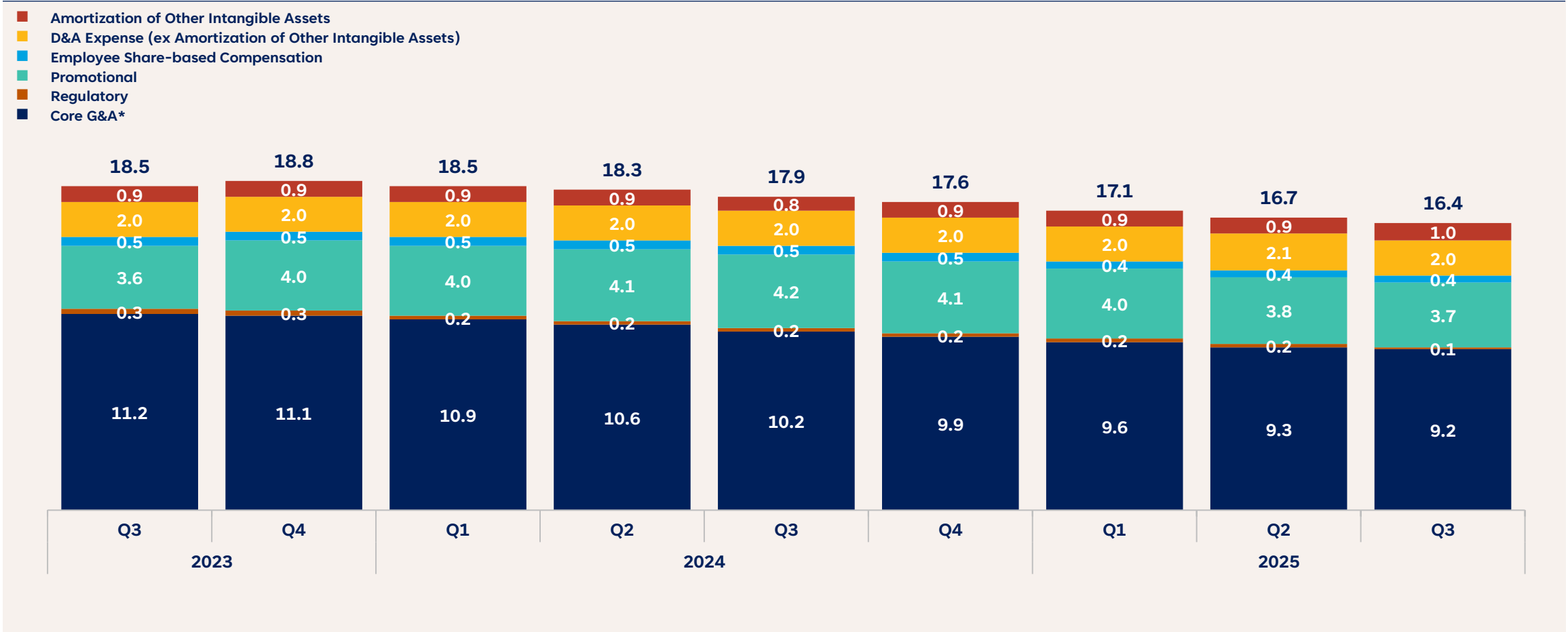
Q3 Gross Profit* ROA decreased sequentially

Gross Profit* ROA⁽¹¹⁾ (bps)



OPEX ROA decreased sequentially in Q3

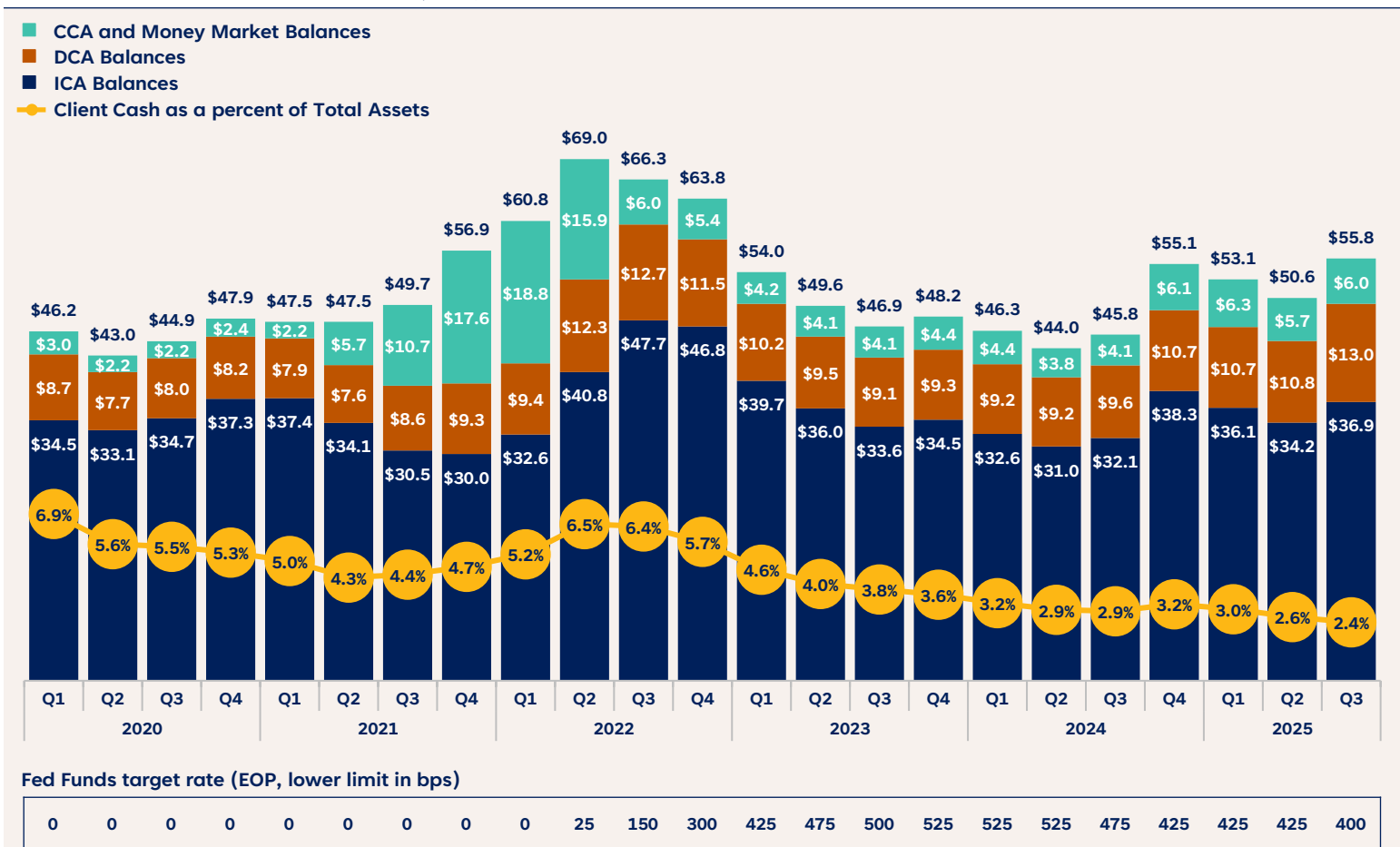
Total OPEX % of Assets⁽¹³⁾ (bps)



Note: All periods are based on the trailing twelve months. OPEX ROA excludes regulatory charges that are excluded from Adjusted Net Income as outlined on slide 22.

Our client cash balances are largely operational and decreased to 2.4% of total assets in Q3

Client Cash Balances⁽¹⁶⁾ (\$B)



We generate economics on client cash through a third-party bank network

- By establishing sweep relationships across our ICA and DCA programs, we can leverage the balance sheets of our third-party bank partners
- We do this through a combination of fixed and floating rate deposit agreements
- We consider deposit pricing within our overall strategic pricing framework, and evaluate a number of external factors and industry benchmarks to ensure we're competitively positioned
 - Our deposit beta has averaged ~15% since 2022
 - Since the Fed began cutting rates in Sept. '24, our deposit beta has averaged ~20%, including the most recent cut in Sept. '25

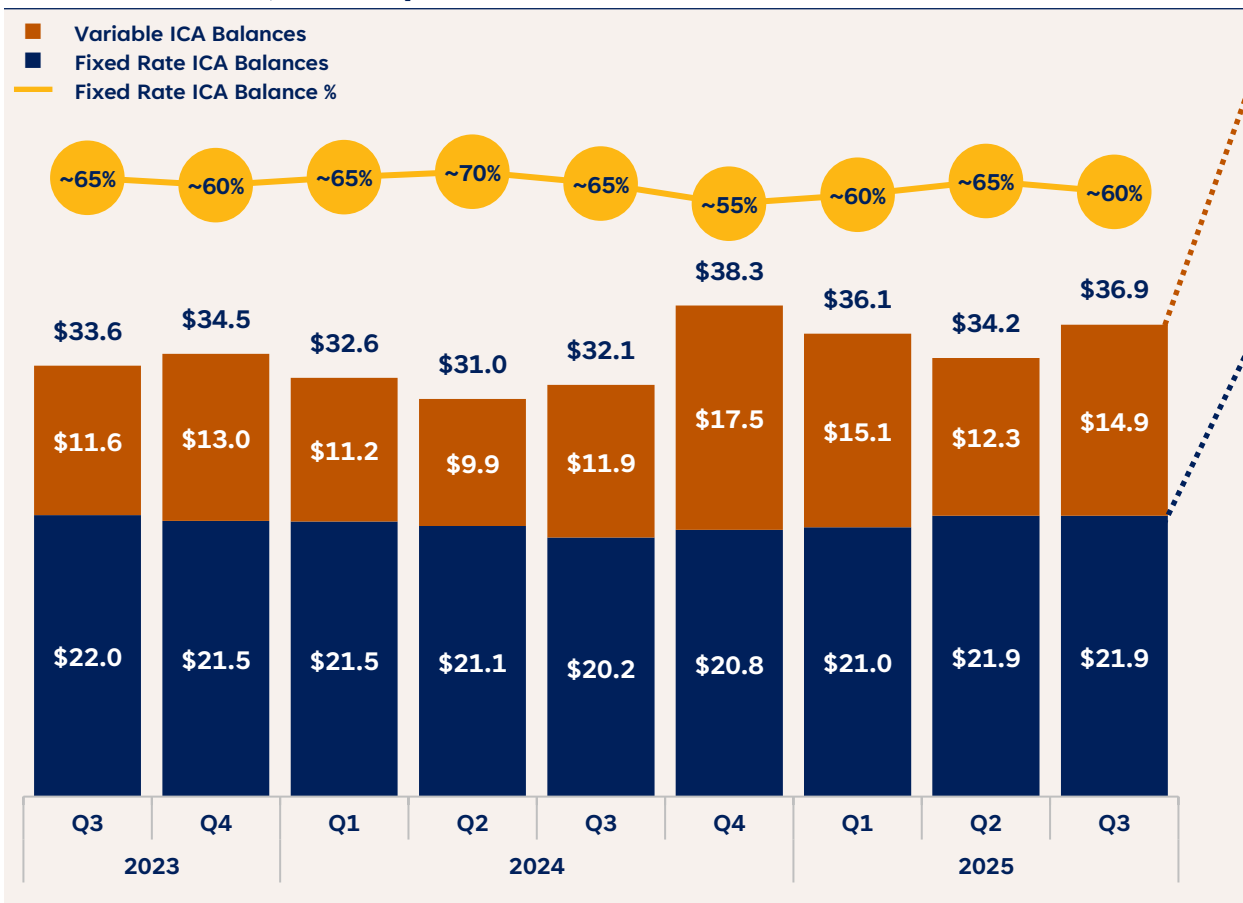
Client cash as a % of assets has averaged ~5%†

- Our client cash balances are largely operational
 - Typically small balances used for rebalancing, paying advisory fees, and customer withdrawals
 - This is reflected in the low client cash balances, which average ~5% or ~\$6.5K per account
- We believe the primary factor that moves that % of client cash up or down is market sentiment rather than rate-seeking behavior
- In Q3 2025, cash was 2.4% of client assets
 - Cash balances decreased in the quarter, driven by net buying of \$42B

† Since the start of the previous interest rate cycle in Q3'16

Fixed rate balances make up ~60% of the ICA portfolio†, reducing our sensitivity to movement in short-term interest rates

ICA Balances (end of period, \$B)



Variable balances are primarily indexed to Fed Funds

- Our variable ICA balances decreased in Q3'25, driven by net buying
- Most variable balances are indexed to Fed Funds plus a spread (~10 to ~15 bps)
- Currently, new variable contracts are averaging Fed Funds plus 10 to 20 bps

Fixed rate ICA balances are ~60% of the ICA portfolio

- Management target range for the ICA portfolio is 50-75% fixed rate contracts
- In Q3'25, we renewed \$1.5B of fixed rate contracts with maturities ranging from three to five years and an average yield of ~350 bps

Maturing ICA Contracts (\$B)
as of end of Q3 2025

□ New contracts added in Q3

Year	Maturing (\$B)	New contracts added in Q3 (\$B)	Maturing Yield* (bps)
2025	\$1.6		~395
2026	\$3.4		~330
2027	\$3.1		~425
2028	\$6.4	\$0.3	~410
2029	\$2.3	\$0.3	~375
2030	\$2.4	\$1.0	~390
2031	\$0.7		~380
2032	\$0.7		~385

Note: Yields shown on this page are prior to client deposit rates (~64 bps) and administrator fees (~4 bps). Money market sweep balances are not subject to these costs.
† Our ICA portfolio includes Commonwealth variable ICA balances held by a third-party custodian. Excluding Commonwealth ICA balances, fixed rate ICA balances are ~65% of the ICA portfolio.
‡ Weighted average yield across the fixed rate ICA ladder is ~390 bps

LPL Financial Member FINRA/SIPC 14

We remain focused on investing to drive organic growth while delivering long-term operating leverage in our core business

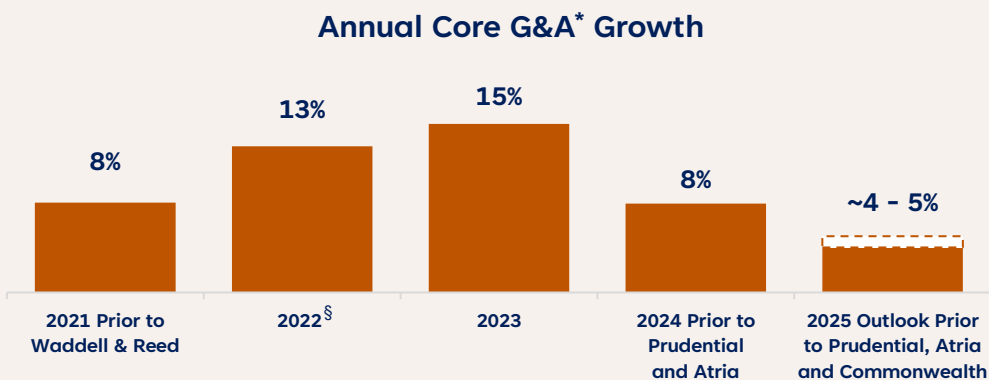
Long-term cost strategy

- Deliver operating leverage in core business
- Prioritize investments that drive additional growth
- Drive productivity and efficiency
- Adapt cost trajectory as environment evolves

2025 Core G&A* Context

- Our previous 2025 Core G&A* outlook range was \$1,880-1,920M
- Given our performance to date, we are lowering our outlook range to \$1,860-1,880M
 - This includes \$165-170M of expenses related to Prudential[†] and Atria[‡], as well as \$160-165M of expenses related to Commonwealth
- Prior to Prudential, Atria and Commonwealth, our outlook range is \$1,535-1,545M, or ~4-5% year-over-year growth

Recent expense trajectory, prior to acquisitions



Core G&A* outlook

2025 Outlook Prior to Prudential, Atria and Commonwealth	\$1,535-1,545M
Prudential and Atria	\$165-170M
Commonwealth	\$160-165M
2025 Outlook	\$1,860-1,880M

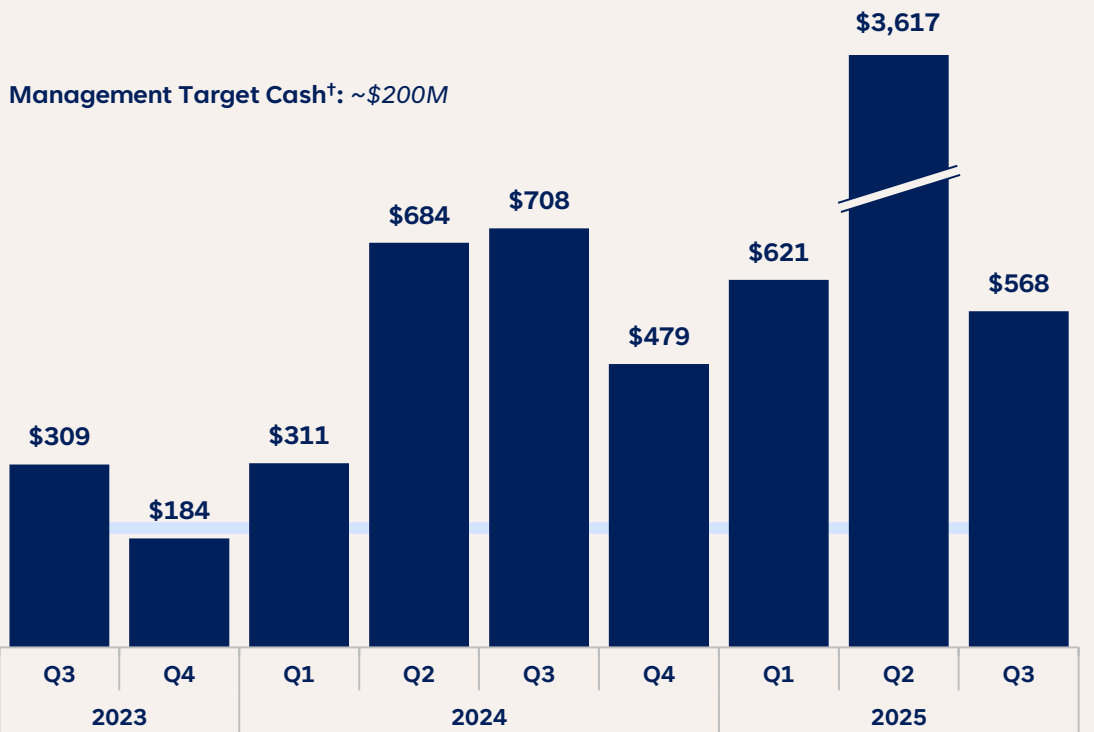
[†] Prudential Financial, Inc. (“Prudential”)
[‡] Atria Wealth Solutions, Inc. (“Atria”)
[§] 2022 Core G&A* growth is based on the Company’s total 2021 Core G&A*

Our balance sheet remains strong...

Corporate Cash⁽¹⁷⁾ (\$M)

- Our strategy is to maintain a strong balance sheet that can absorb market volatility while having the capacity to invest for growth

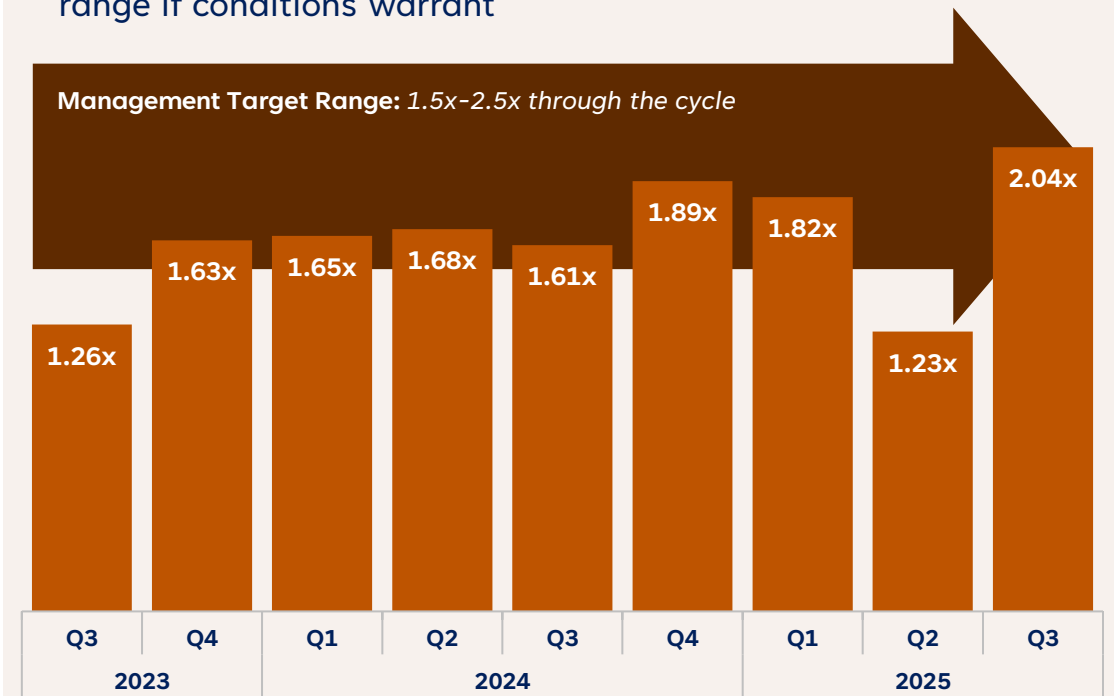
Management Target Cash[†]: ~\$200M



Leverage Ratio⁽¹⁸⁾

- A long-term target leverage range of 1.5x to 2.5x positions our balance sheet well over a range of cycles
- We are willing to operate temporarily above or below our target range if conditions warrant

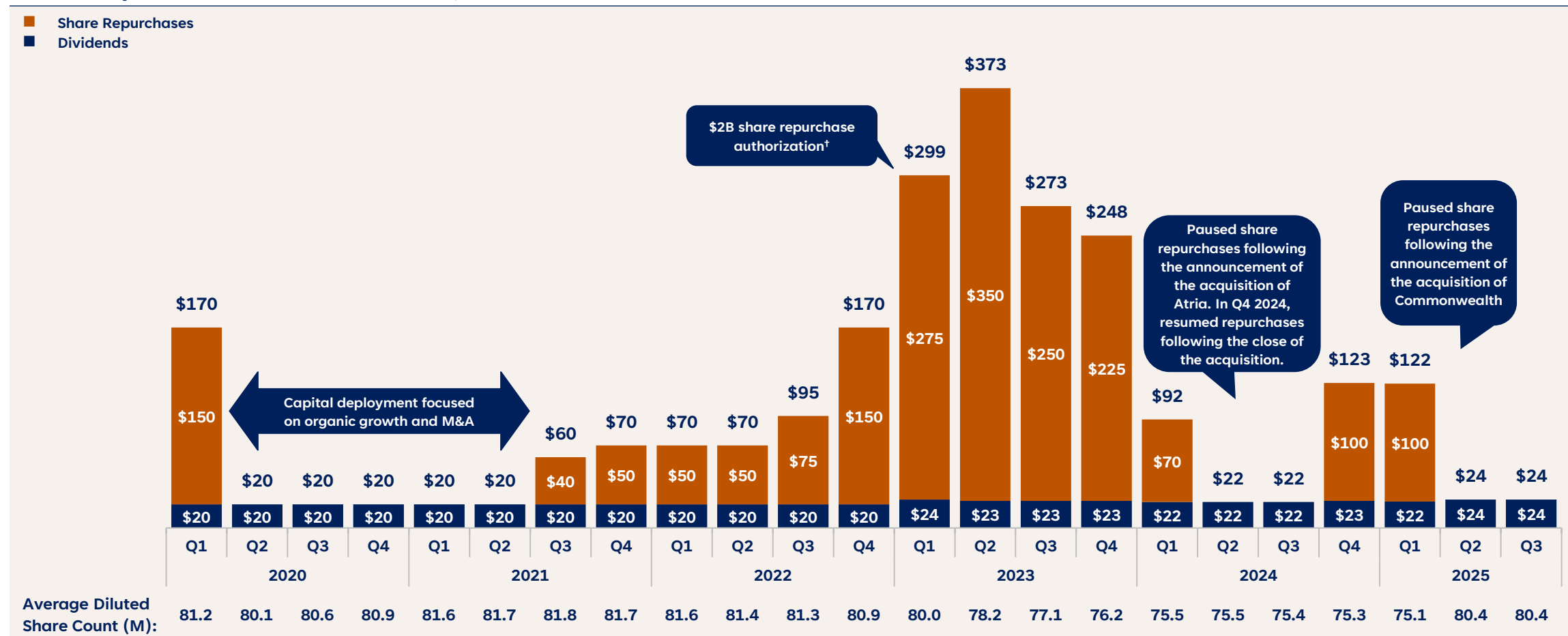
Management Target Range: 1.5x-2.5x through the cycle



† Management's corporate cash target reflects a level sufficient to meet our near-term corporate debt obligations

...And we have continued to return capital to shareholders

Share Repurchases and Dividends (\$M)

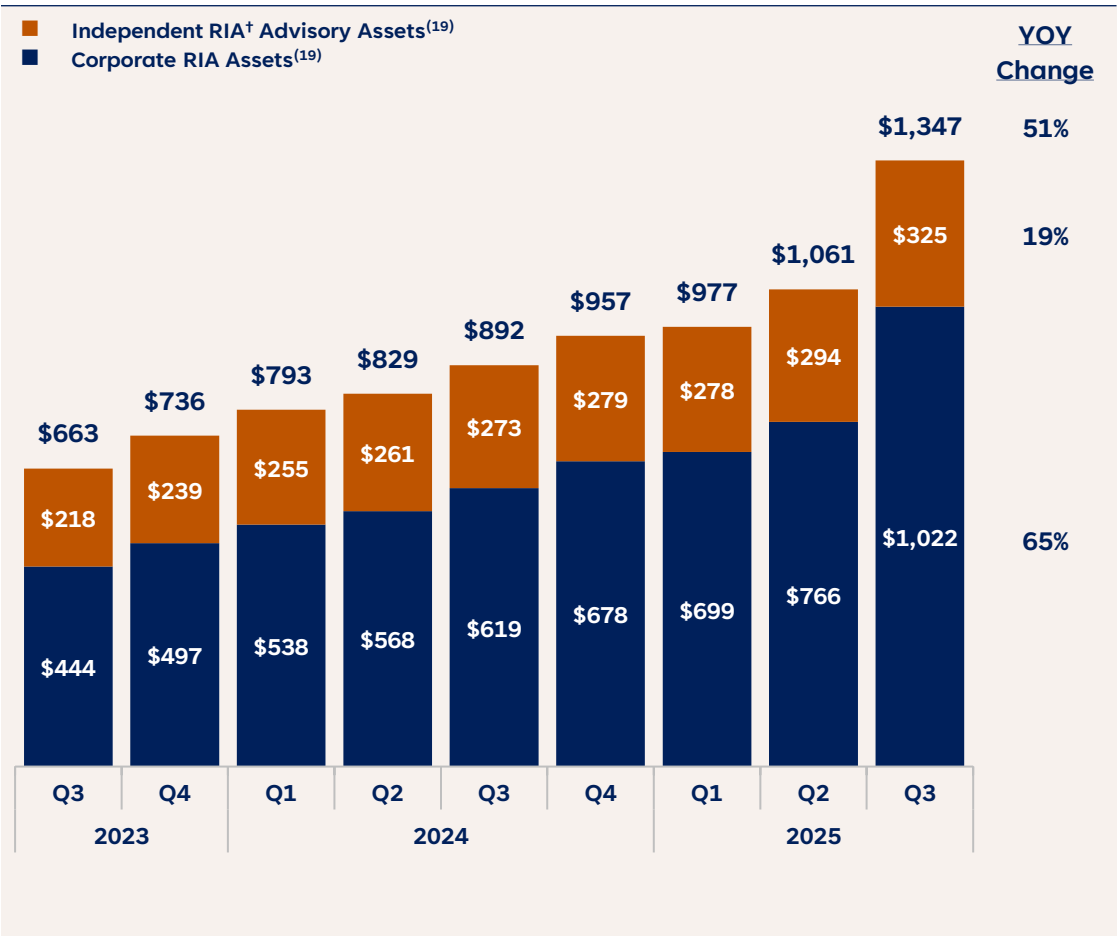


† Increased share repurchase authorization by \$2B as of 09/21/2022, which we started to utilize in 2023

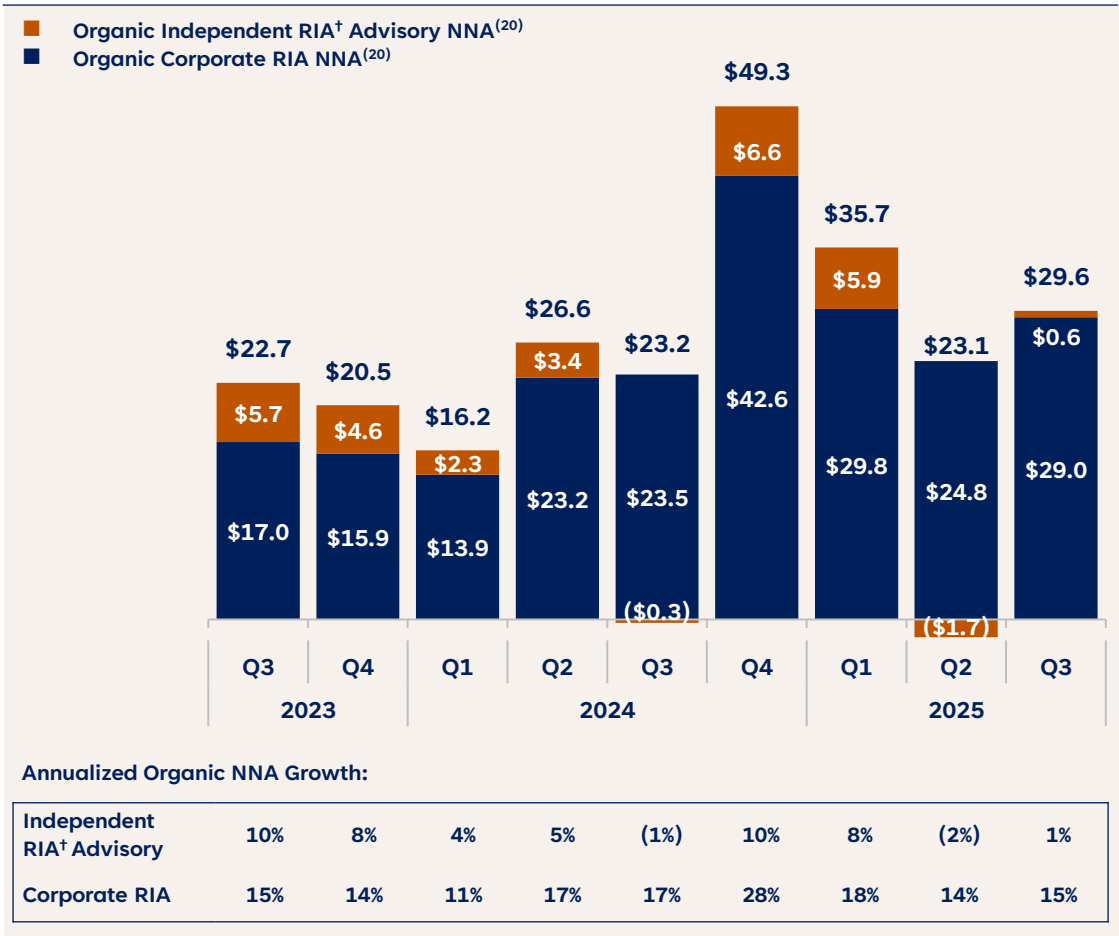
Appendix

Corporate and Independent RIA[†] Advisory assets

Corporate and Independent RIA[†] Advisory Asset Mix (\$B)

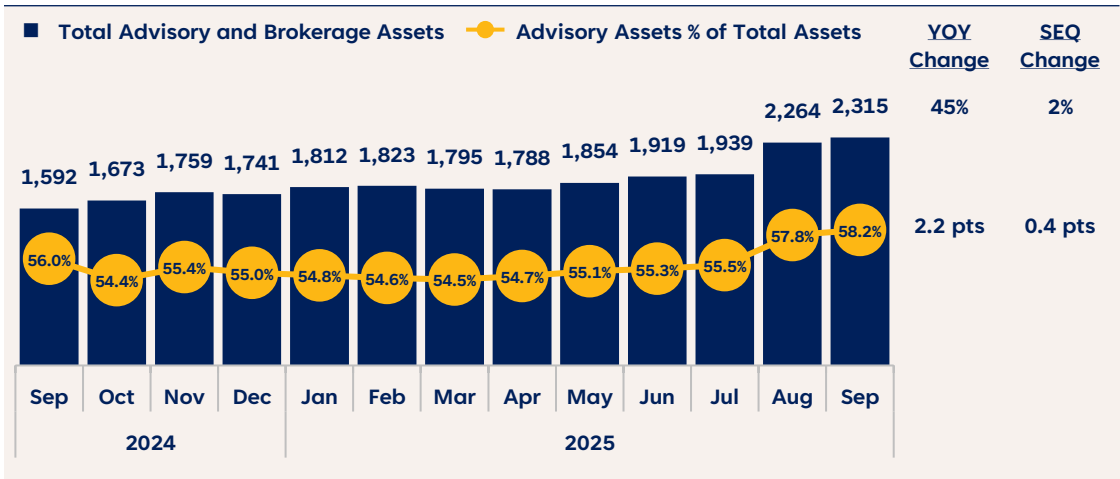


Corporate and Independent RIA[†] Advisory NNA Mix (\$B)

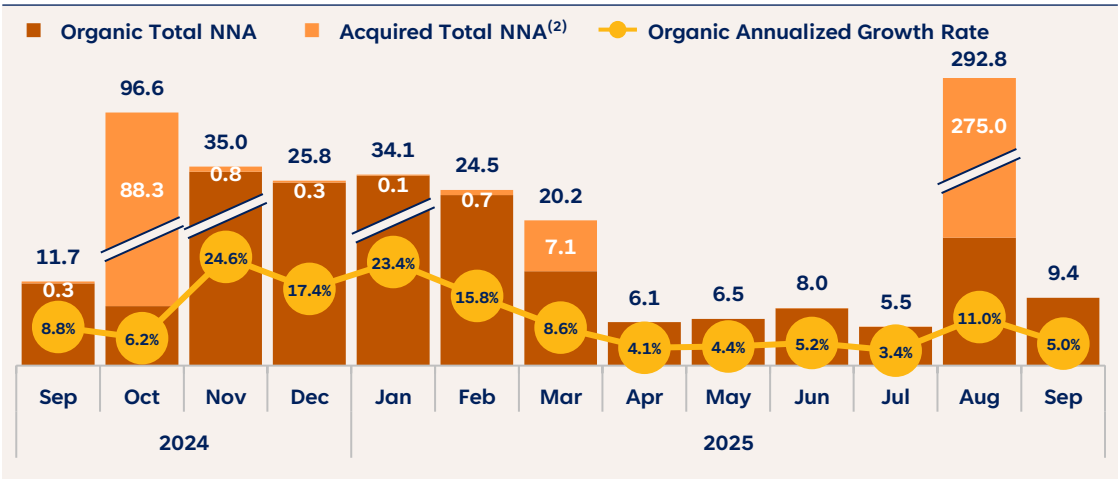


Monthly Metrics Dashboard through September 2025

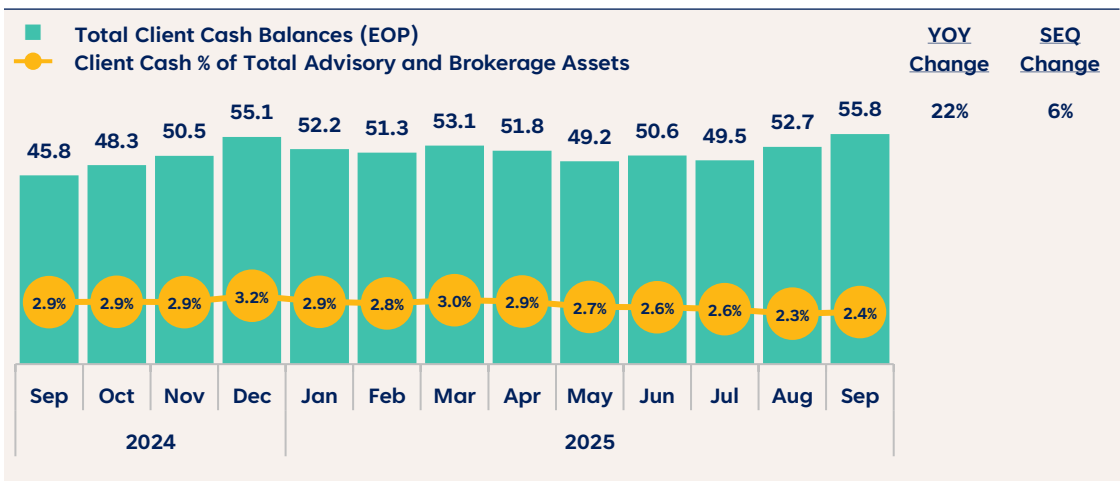
Total Advisory and Brokerage Assets (\$B)



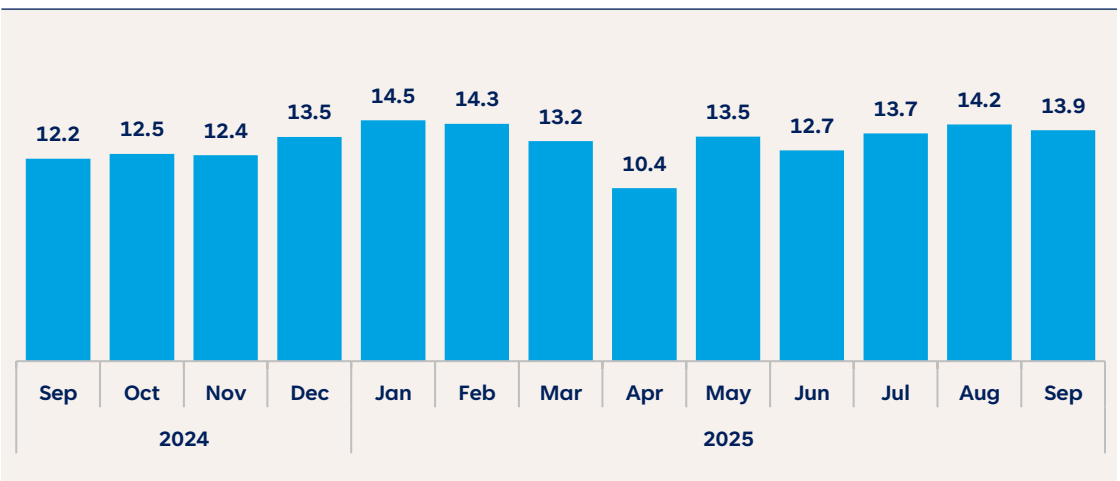
Total Net New Assets (\$B)



Client Cash Balances (\$B)



Net Buy (Sell) Activity (\$B)



† Calculated as current period total organic net new assets multiplied by twelve, divided by preceding period total advisory and brokerage assets

Reconciliation

Gross Profit*

Gross profit* is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please see a description of gross profit* under “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” on page 3 of this presentation for additional information. Below is a calculation of gross profit* for the periods presented herein:

\$ in millions	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023
Total revenue⁽²¹⁾	\$4,552	\$3,835	\$3,670	\$3,512	\$3,108	\$2,932	\$2,833	\$2,644	\$2,522
Advisory and commission expense	3,025	2,483	2,354	2,250	1,948	1,819	1,733	1,608	1,488
Brokerage, clearing and exchange expense	43	43	44	35	30	33	31	26	25
Employee deferred compensation	4	4	(1)	(1)	3	1	2	3	(1)
Gross Profit⁽²¹⁾	\$1,479	\$1,304	\$1,273	\$1,228	\$1,128	\$1,079	\$1,066	\$1,007	\$1,010

Net (Loss) Income to EBITDA*, Adjusted EBITDA*, and Credit Agreement EBITDA*

EBITDA*, Adjusted EBITDA*, and Credit Agreement EBITDA* are non-GAAP financial measures. Please see a description of EBITDA*, Adjusted EBITDA*, and Credit Agreement EBITDA* under “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” on page 3 of this presentation for additional information. Below are reconciliations of the Company’s net (loss) income to EBITDA*, Adjusted EBITDA*, and Credit Agreement EBITDA* for the periods presented herein:

\$ in millions	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023
Net (loss) income	(\$30)	\$273	\$319	\$271	\$255	\$244	\$289	\$218	\$224
Interest expense on borrowings	106	106	86	82	68	64	60	54	48
(Benefit from) provision for income taxes	(5)	96	99	71	92	86	85	76	93
Depreciation and amortization	100	96	92	92	78	71	67	68	65
Amortization of other intangibles	65	46	44	43	32	31	30	29	28
EBITDA	\$237	\$617	\$639	\$558	\$526	\$496	\$531	\$445	\$458
Acquisition costs excluding interest ⁽²²⁾	538	72	43	37	22	37	10	35	6
Regulatory charges ⁽²³⁾	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	40
Departure of former Chief Executive Officer ⁽²⁴⁾	-	-	-	(14)	-	-	-	-	-
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
Adjusted EBITDA	\$775	\$688	\$682	\$585	\$566	\$533	\$541	\$480	\$504
	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023
EBITDA (trailing twelve months)	\$2,050	\$2,340	\$2,219	\$2,111	\$1,998	\$1,930	\$1,953	\$1,986	\$2,074
Credit Agreement adjustments	1,385	583	578	554	343	330	208	209	175
Credit Agreement EBITDA	\$3,435	\$2,922	\$2,798	\$2,665	\$2,341	\$2,260	\$2,160	\$2,195	\$2,249
Total debt	7,564	7,220	5,720	5,517	4,469	4,472	3,876	3,757	3,142
Total corporate cash	568	3,617	621	479	708	684	311	184	309
Credit Agreement Net Debt	\$6,996	\$3,603	\$5,099	\$5,038	\$3,761	\$3,788	\$3,564	\$3,574	\$2,833
Leverage Ratio	2.04x	1.23x	1.82x	1.89x	1.61x	1.68x	1.65x	1.63x	1.26x

Note: Totals may not foot due to rounding

Reconciliation

Adjusted EPS* and Adjusted Net Income*

Adjusted EPS* and adjusted net income* are non-GAAP financial measures. Please see a description of adjusted EPS* and adjusted net income* under “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” on page 3 of this presentation for additional information. Below are the reconciliations of net (loss) income and earnings per diluted share to adjusted net income* and adjusted EPS* for the periods presented herein:

	Q3 2025		Q2 2025		Q1 2025		Q4 2024		Q3 2024		Q2 2024		Q1 2024		Q4 2023		Q3 2023	
in millions, except per share data	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share
Net (loss) income / earnings per diluted share	(\$30)	(\$0.37)	\$273	\$3.40	\$319	\$4.24	\$271	\$3.59	\$255	\$3.39	\$244	\$3.23	\$289	\$3.83	\$218	\$2.85	\$224	\$2.91
Amortization of other intangibles	65	0.81	46	0.57	44	0.58	43	0.57	32	0.43	31	0.41	30	0.39	29	0.38	28	0.36
Acquisition costs ⁽²²⁾	538	\$6.70	75	0.93	49	0.65	37	0.49	22	0.29	37	0.49	10	0.13	35	0.46	6	0.08
Regulatory charges ⁽²³⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	0.24	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	0.52
Departure of former Chief Executive Officer ⁽²⁴⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14)	(0.19)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tax benefit	(155)	(1.93)	(31)	(0.39)	(24)	(0.32)	(20)	(0.27)	(15)	(0.19)	(18)	(0.24)	(10)	(0.14)	(14)	(0.18)	(9)	(0.12)
Adjusted net income / adjusted EPS	\$418	\$5.20	\$363	\$4.51	\$387	\$5.15	\$320	\$4.25	\$313	\$4.16	\$293	\$3.88	\$318	\$4.21	\$267	\$3.51	\$289	\$3.74
Average diluted share count	80.4		80.4		75.1		75.3		75.4		75.5		75.5		76.2		77.1	

Adjusted Pre-Tax Income*

Adjusted pre-tax income* is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please see a description of adjusted pre-tax income* under “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” on page 3 of this presentation for additional information. Below is a reconciliation of (loss) income before (benefit from) provision for income taxes to adjusted pre-tax income* for the periods presented herein:

\$ in millions	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023
(Loss) income before (benefit from) provision for income taxes	(\$34)	\$369	\$417	\$341	\$347	\$330	\$374	\$294	\$318
Amortization of other intangibles	65	46	44	43	32	31	30	29	28
Acquisition costs ⁽²²⁾	538	75	49	37	22	37	10	35	6
Regulatory charges ⁽²³⁾	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	40
Departure of former Chief Executive Officer ⁽²⁴⁾	-	-	-	(14)	-	-	-	-	-
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
Adjusted pre-tax income	\$569	\$490	\$509	\$411	\$420	\$398	\$413	\$357	\$391

Reconciliation

Core G&A* to Total Expense

Core G&A* is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please see a description of Core G&A* under “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” on page 3 of this presentation for additional information. Below is a reconciliation of total expense to Core G&A* for the periods presented herein:

\$ in millions	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023
Total expense	\$4,586	\$3,466	\$3,253	\$3,171	\$2,761	\$2,602	\$2,458	\$2,350	\$2,205
Advisory and commission	3,025	2,483	2,354	2,250	1,948	1,819	1,733	1,608	1,488
Depreciation and amortization	100	96	92	92	78	71	67	68	65
Interest expense on borrowings	106	106	86	82	68	64	60	54	48
Brokerage, clearing and exchange	43	43	44	35	30	33	31	26	25
Amortization of other intangibles	65	46	44	43	32	31	30	29	28
Employee deferred compensation	4	4	(1)	(1)	3	1	2	3	(1)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-
Total G&A	\$1,243	\$688	\$634	\$666	\$602	\$583	\$535	\$562	\$552
Promotional (ongoing) ⁽²²⁾	202	164	152	173	176	148	132	138	140
Acquisition costs excluding interest ⁽²²⁾	538	72	43	37	22	37	10	35	6
Employee share-based compensation	19	20	18	26	20	20	23	16	16
Regulatory charges ⁽²³⁾	7	7	7	7	25	8	7	9	48
Core G&A	\$477	\$426	\$413	\$422	\$359	\$371	\$364	\$364	\$342

Note: Totals may not foot due to rounding

Endnotes

- (1) Organic Net New Assets include assets from Large Institutions. Below are Net New Assets from Large Institutions for the periods presented:

\$ in billions	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023
Net new organic advisory assets	4.2	-	6.8	18.4	-	-	-	-	2.3
Net new organic brokerage assets	12.9	0.1	36.1	21.2	-	-	-	0.3	8.5
Total Organic Net New Assets from Large Institutions	17.1	0.1	43.0	39.6	-	-	-	0.3	10.8

- (2) For August 2025 and third quarter of 2025 figures, includes Commonwealth assets as of June 30, 2025, assuming 90% retention. Based on unaudited preliminary financial information of Commonwealth. For October 2024 and fourth quarter of 2024 figures, includes Atria assets as of September 30, 2024, assuming 80% retention.
- (3) Represents the estimated total advisory and brokerage assets expected to transition to the Company's primary broker-dealer subsidiary, LPL Financial LLC ("LPL Financial"), associated with advisors who transferred their licenses to LPL Financial during the period. The estimate is based on prior business reported by the advisors, which has not been independently and fully verified by LPL Financial. The actual transition of assets to LPL Financial generally occurs over several quarters and the actual amount transitioned may vary from the estimate.
- (4) Recruited assets include assets from Large Institutions. Below are recruited assets from Large Institutions for the periods presented:
- | \$ in billions | Q3 2025 | Q2 2025 | Q1 2025 | Q4 2024 | Q3 2024 | Q2 2024 | Q1 2024 | Q4 2023 | Q3 2023 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Recruited assets from Large Institutions | 18.2 | - | 16.2 | 63.0 | - | - | - | - | 12.3 |
- (5) Reflects retention of total advisory and brokerage assets, calculated by deducting quarterly annualized attrition from total advisory and brokerage assets, over the prior-quarter total advisory and brokerage assets.
- (6) Consists of total client deposits into advisory or brokerage accounts less total client withdrawals from advisory or brokerage accounts, plus dividends, plus interest, minus advisory fees. The Company considers conversions from and to brokerage or advisory accounts as deposits and withdrawals, respectively. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period organic net new advisory or brokerage assets divided by preceding period total advisory or brokerage assets, multiplied by four.
- (7) Consists of existing custodied assets that converted from brokerage to advisory, less existing custodied assets that converted from advisory to brokerage.
- (8) Consists of advisory assets in LPL Financial's Model Wealth Portfolios, Optimum Market Portfolios, Personal Wealth Portfolios and Guided Wealth Portfolios platforms.
- (9) Consists of total client deposits into centrally managed assets (see EN 7) accounts less total client withdrawals from centrally managed assets accounts. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period organic net new centrally managed assets divided by preceding period total centrally managed assets, multiplied by four.
- (10) Represents the amount of securities purchased less the amount of securities sold in client accounts custodied with LPL Financial, as well as assets under custody of a third-party custodian related to Atria's introducing broker-dealer subsidiaries.
- (11) Represents the average month-end total advisory and brokerage assets for the period.
- (12) Represents total trailing twelve-month Gross Profit* for the period, divided by average month-end total advisory and brokerage assets for the period (see EN 10).
- (13) Represents total trailing twelve-month operating expenses for the period, excluding production-related expense ("OPEX"), divided by average month-end total advisory and brokerage assets for the period (see EN 10). Production-related expense includes advisory and commissions expense and brokerage, clearing and exchange expense. For purposes of this metric, operating expenses includes Core G&A*, regulatory, promotional, employee share-based compensation, depreciation & amortization and amortization of other intangibles.
- (14) EBIT ROA is calculated as Gross Profit ROA (see EN 11) less OPEX ROA (see EN 12).
- (15) Consists of revenues from the Company's sponsorship programs with financial product manufacturers and omnibus processing and networking services, but not including fees from client cash programs. Other asset-based revenues are a component of asset-based revenues and are derived from the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income.
- (16) Client cash accounts include cash that clients have deposited with LPL Financial that is included in client payables in the consolidated balance sheets. During the first quarter of 2024, the company updated its definition of the client cash account balances to exclude other client payables.

Endnotes

- (17) Corporate cash, a component of cash and equivalents, is the sum of cash and equivalents from the following: (1) cash and equivalents held at LPL Holdings, Inc., (2) cash and equivalents held at regulated subsidiaries as defined by the Company's Credit Agreement, which include LPL Financial, LPL Enterprise, LLC, The Private Trust Company, N.A., Commonwealth Equity Services, LLC and certain of Atria Wealth Solutions, Inc.'s introducing broker-dealer subsidiaries, in excess of the capital requirements of the Company's Credit Agreement and (3) cash and equivalents held at non-regulated subsidiaries. Cash and equivalents held at regulated subsidiaries as of September 30, 2023 included that of Financial Resources Group Investment Services, LLC; however, the broker-dealer registration for this entity was terminated during the fourth quarter of 2023. As a result, it is reflected in cash and equivalents held at non-regulated subsidiaries at December 31, 2023.
- (18) The Company calculates its leverage ratio as total debt less total corporate cash, divided by Credit Agreement EBITDA for the trailing twelve months.
- (19) Assets on the Company's corporate RIA platform are serviced by investment advisor representatives of LPL Financial or Allen & Company. Assets on the Company's independent RIA advisory platform are serviced by investment advisor representatives of separate registered investment advisor firms rather than representatives of LPL Financial.
- (20) Consists of total client deposits into advisory accounts on LPL Financial's independent RIA advisory platform or corporate RIA platform less total client withdrawals from advisory accounts on its independent RIA advisory platform or its corporate RIA platform. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period net new independent RIA Advisory Assets or corporate RIA assets divided by preceding period total independent RIA Advisory Assets or corporate RIA assets, multiplied by four.
- (21) The departure of the Company's former Chief Executive Officer resulted in other income of \$26.4 million during the three months ended December 31, 2024 related to the clawback of share-based compensation awards.
- (22) Acquisition costs include the costs to setup, onboard and integrate acquired entities and other costs that were incurred as a result of the acquisitions. The below table summarizes the primary components of acquisition costs for the periods presented:

\$ in millions	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023
Compensation and benefits	\$258	\$16	\$17	\$16	\$8	\$7	\$4	\$3	\$1
Occupancy and equipment	198	1	-	-	(1)	1	-	1	-
Professional services	10	11	6	7	7	4	3	4	2
Promotional	26	35	9	2	2	1	2	1	2
Change in fair value of contingent consideration ⁽²⁵⁾	3	-	7	11	6	25	-	27	-
Interest ⁽²⁶⁾	-	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	45	8	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition costs	\$538	\$75	\$49	\$37	\$22	\$37	\$9	\$35	\$6

- (23) Regulatory charges for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2024 include charges related to a settlement with the SEC to resolve the civil investigation of certain elements of the Company's Anti-Money Laundering ("AML") compliance program. The Company has recorded an \$18.0 million charge for the quarter ended September 30, 2024 and reached a settlement with the staff of the SEC and paid the civil monetary penalty in January 2025. Regulatory charges for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and year ended December 31, 2023 include a \$40.0 million charge to reflect the amount of the penalty related to the SEC's civil investigation of the Company's compliance with records preservation requirements for business-related electronic communications that was not covered by the Company's captive insurance subsidiary. The Company reached a settlement with the staff of the SEC and paid the civil monetary penalty of \$50.0 million in August 2024.
- (24) The departure of the Company's former Chief Executive Officer resulted in other income of \$26.4 million during the three months ended December 31, 2024 related to the clawback of share-based compensation awards which was offset by share-based compensation expense of \$12.0 million related to the modification of certain stock options that were retained as per the settlement agreement that the Company reached with the former Chief Executive Officer.
- (25) Represents a fair value adjustment to our contingent consideration liabilities that is reflected in other expense in the condensed consolidated statements of income.
- (26) Below is a reconciliation of interest expense on borrowings per Management's Statements of Operations to interest expense on borrowings on the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income for the periods presented:

\$ in millions	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023
Interest expense on borrowings on Management's Statement of Operations	\$106	\$102	\$81	\$82	\$68	\$64	\$60	\$54	\$48
Cost of debt issuance related to Commonwealth acquisition ⁽²²⁾	-	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest expense on borrowings on Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income	\$106	\$106	\$86	\$82	\$68	\$64	\$60	\$54	\$48

Note: Totals may not foot due to rounding